Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the prior application:

- 1. (currently amended) An isolated, attenuated viral strain of human parainfluenza virus 2, wherein the viral strain is temperature sensitive and cold adapted.
- 2. (currently amended) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 1 which exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 32 °C in a mammalian host cell which are less than about 100 times its titer when grown at around 23 °C in the mammalian host cell, and which is less are greater than or equal to about 100 times its titer when grown at around 39 °C in the mammalian host cell.
- 3. (original) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 1 which exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 39 °C in the mammalian host cell which are less than or equal to about 1.0 pfu/ml.
- 4. (previously presented) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 1 which is selected from the group of viral strains consisting of those designated C3464, C3490, C3605, and subclones or progeny of any of the aforementioned strains.
- (canceled)

- 8. (original) A vaccine composition comprising the isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- (original) The vaccine composition of claim of further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- 28. (original) The vaccine composition of claim further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant.
- Wherein the isolated, attenuated viral strain is the strain of claim 2 exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 32°C in a mammalian host cell which are less than about 100 times its titer when grown at around 23°C in the mammalian host cell, and which are greater than or equal to about 100 times its titer when grown at around 39°C in the mammalian host cell.
- (original) The vaccine composition of claim & further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- (original) The vaccine composition of claim further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant.
- 12. (currently amended) The vaccine composition of claims wherein the isolated, attenuated viral strain is the strain of claim 4 selected from the group of viral strains consisting of those designated C3464, C3490, C3605, and subclones or progeny of any of the aforementioned strains.

- 13. (original) The vaccine composition of claim 12 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient.
- (3)

 (original) The vaccine composition of claim 12 further comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable adjuvant.
 - 15. (canceled)
 - 16. (canceled)
 - 17. (canceled)
- 18. (original) A method of inducing a protective immune response in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal an amount of the isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 1 sufficient to elicit the protective immune response.
- (currently amended) The method of claim 18 wherein the isolated, attenuated viral strain is the strain of claim 2 exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 32°C in a mammalian host cell which are less than about 100 times its titer when grown at around 23°C in the mammalian host cell, and which are greater than or equal to about 100 times its titer when grown at around 39°C in the mammalian host cell.
- 20. (currently amended) The method of claim 18 wherein the isolated, attenuated viral strain is the strain of claim 3 exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 39°C in the mammalian host cell which are less than or equal to about 1.0 pfu/ml.

21. (currently amended) The method of claim 18 wherein the isolated, attenuated viral strain is the strain of claim 4 selected from the group of viral strains consisting of those designated C3464, C3490, C3605, and subclones or progeny of any of the aforementioned strains.

22. (canceled)

- (823. (new) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 1, wherein the viral strain is produced by a method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) culturing in vitro a wild type human parainfluenza virus 2 (HPIV-2);
 - (b) cold passaging said virus at a first temperature;
 - (c) selecting viruses that grow at the first temperature;
 - (d) cold passaging the selected viruses at a second temperature, the second temperature being less than the first; and
 - (e) selecting viruses that grow at the second temperature.
- (new) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 23, further comprising the steps of:
 - (f) cold passaging the selected viruses at a third temperature, the third temperature being less than the second; and
 - (g) selecting viruses that grow at the third temperature.
- 28. (new) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 24, further comprising the steps of:

- (h) cold passaging the selected viruses at a fourth temperature, the fourth temperature being less than the third; and
- (i) selecting viruses that grow at the fourth temperature.
- 26. (new) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 23, wherein the virus is passaged and selected more than once at each temperature.
- 727. (new) The isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 25, wherein the virus is passaged and selected more than once at each temperature.
- wherein the viruses are passaged at a first temperature of about 30°C, at a second temperature of about 28°C, at a third temperature of about 26°C, and at a fourth temperature of about 24°C.
- wherein the viruses are passaged six times at 30°C, six times at 28°C, eight times at 26°C and thirteen times at 24°C.
- 1530. (new) A vaccine composition comprising the isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 23 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 131. (new) A vaccine composition comprising the isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 25 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 32. (new) A method of inducing a protective immune response in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal an amount of the isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 23 sufficient to elicit the protective immune response.
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 32. (new) A method of inducing a protective immune response in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal an amount of the isolated, attenuated viral strain of claim 25 sufficient to elicit the protective immune response.
- 34. (new) A method of producing an isolated, attenuated viral strain of human parainfluenza virus 2, wherein the viral strain is temperature sensitive and cold adapted, the method comprising the steps of:
 - (a) culturing in vitro a wild type human parainfluenza virus 2 (HPIV-2);
 - (b) cold passaging said virus at a first temperature;
 - (c) selecting viruses that grow at the first temperature;
 - (d) cold passaging the selected viruses at a second temperature, the second temperature being less than the first; and
 - (e) selecting viruses that grow at the second temperature.
- 36. (new) The method according to claim 34, further comprising the steps of:
 - (f) cold passaging the selected viruses at a third temperature, the third temperature being less than the second; and
 - (g) selecting viruses that grow at the third temperature.

- 36. (new) The method according to claim 35, further comprising the steps of:
 - (h) cold passaging the selected viruses at a fourth temperature, the fourth temperature being less than the third; and
 - (i) selecting viruses that grow at the fourth temperature.
- is passaged and selected more than once at each temperature.
- 33. (new) The method according to claim 36, wherein the virus is passaged and selected more than once at each temperature.
- (new) The method according to claim 36, wherein the viruses are passaged at a first temperature of about 30°C, at a second temperature of about 28°C, at a third temperature of about 26°C, and at a fourth temperature of about 24°C.
 - 34 40... (new) The method according to claim 39, wherein the viruses are passaged six times at 30°C, six times at 28°C, eight times at 26°C and thirteen times at 24°C.
 - (new) The method according to claim 40, wherein the isolated, attenuated viral strain exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 32°C in a mammalian host cell which are less than about 100 times its titre when grown at around 23°C in the mammalian host cell, and which are greater than or equal to about 100 times its titre when grown at around 39°C in the mammalian host cell.

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(new) The method according to claim 41, wherein the isolated attenuated viral strain exhibits titers in plaque assays on Vero cells when grown at around 39°C in the mammalian host cell which are less than or equal to about 1.0 pfu/ml.